



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

in Jefferson's handwriting possessed by this Society is one of several made by Jefferson between the 4th and 10th of July, 1776, to send to friends, that they might compare the Declaration as originally framed and reported by the Committee with the document as amended and passed by the Congress, and "judge whether it is better or worse for the critics," as he expressed it in his letter of July 8, 1776, sending the copy in question to Richard Henry Lee, from whose grandson this Society received it. A history by Dr. Hays of this copy is printed in Vol. xxxvii of the Society's *Proceedings*.

The meeting was adjourned by the presiding officer.

Stated Meeting, November 1, 1901.

Vice-President BARKER in the Chair.

Present, 20 members.

Dr. Mazýck Ravenel, a newly elected member, was presented to the Chair, and took his seat in the Society.

A letter was read from the Société Nationale des Sciences Naturelles et Mathématiques de Cherbourg, announcing that it would celebrate its fiftieth anniversary on December 30, 1901, and the Secretaries were instructed to send a congratulatory address to the Society.

The list of donations to the Library were laid on the table, and thanks were ordered for them.

Mr. James Douglas presented a "Record of Borings in the Sulphur Spring Valley, Arizona, and of Agricultural Experiments in the Same Locality."

Prof. George F. Barker, delegate to the 200th anniversary celebration of Yale University, presented a report with a medal struck in honor of the anniversary.

Prof. Albert H. Smyth, delegate to the 450th anniversary celebration of the University of Glasgow, presented a report.

The meeting was adjourned by the presiding officer.